

DFG GRK 2250 - Mineral-bonded composites for enhanced structural impact safety

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TENSILE BEHAVIOR OF HIGH-PERFORMANCE CEMENT-BASED COMPOSITES WITH HYBRID REINFORCEMENT SUBJECTED TO QUASI-STATIC AND IMPACT LOADING

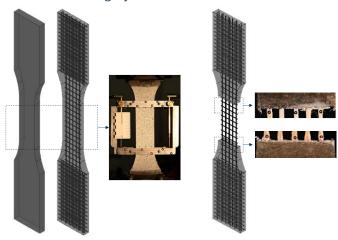


1 OBJECTIVES

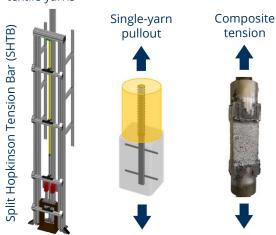
- Investigating the synergetic effects of different hybridfiber reinforcements
- Characterizing the bond properties of embedded yarn with surrounding matrix
- Studying the strain rate effects on tensile properties of the composites and their constituents

2 METHODS

 Quasi-static tension experiments on composites, textiles and single yarns

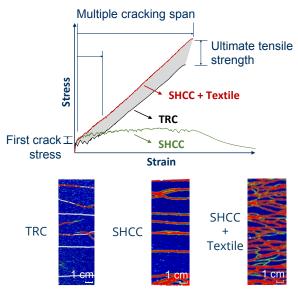


- Impact experiments with Split Hopkinson Tension Bar (SHTB)
- Optical measurements of deformations and crack analysis using Digital Image Correlation
- Quasi-static and dynamic single-yarn pullout experiments
- Analytical modelling of pullout-slip response of the textile yarns

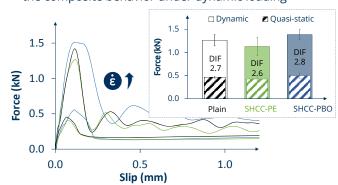


3 RESULTS

- Pronounced improvement in mechanical properties of hybrid fiber composites compared to SHCC and TRC
- Superior crack control with finer crack pattern and smaller crack width
- Improved robustness of the mechanical properties



 Rate sensitive yarn-matrix bond with positive effects on the composite behavior under dynamic loading



4 COLLABORATIONS

 AA. HERAVI (A4/I) and I. CUROSU (Postdoc): TRCC under impact tensile load GONG et al. App. Sci. (2019) HERAVI et al. Cem. Concr. Comp. (2020)

 F. LIEBOLD (C1/I), I. CUROSU (Postdoc) and D. Vo (A1/I): Crack pattern and crack width analysis using DIC of composites reinforced with polymer textiles Gong et al. Materials (under review)